



How the Customer explained it



What the Project Manager understood



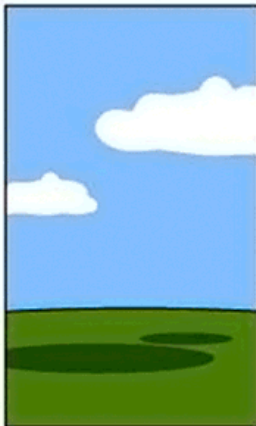
How the Analyst designed it



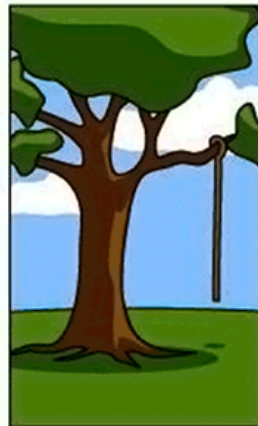
What the Programmer wrote



What the Business Consultant presented



How the Project was documented



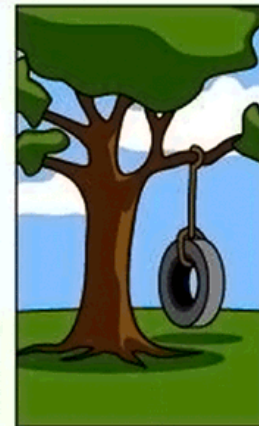
What Operations installed



How the Customer was billed



How the Solution was supported



What the Customer really needed

Lecture 2: Intro To Process

Milestones, Estimation, Planning

CSE 210, Winter 2024

Slides adapted from CMU 17-313 (credit to Michael Hilton and others)

Learning Goals

- Today:
 - Recognize the importance of process
 - Understand the difficulty of measuring progress
 - Identify why software development has project characteristics
 - Use milestones for planning and progress measurement
- Friday:
 - Understand backlogs and user stories

Software Process

“The set of activities and associated results that produce a software product”

Sommerville, SE, ed. 8



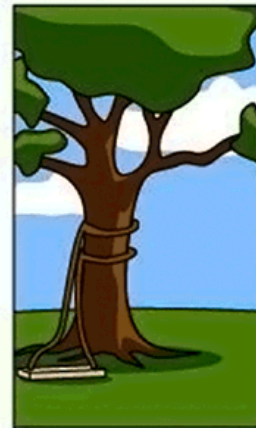
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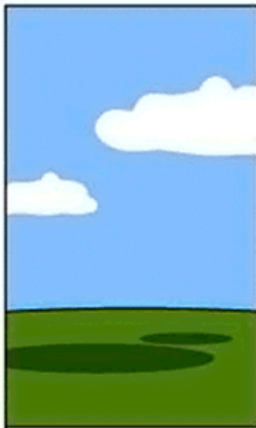
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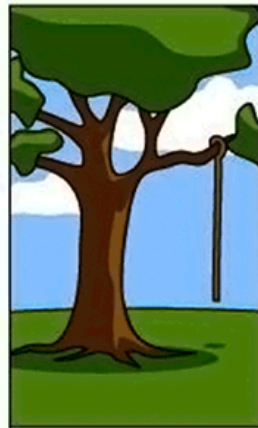
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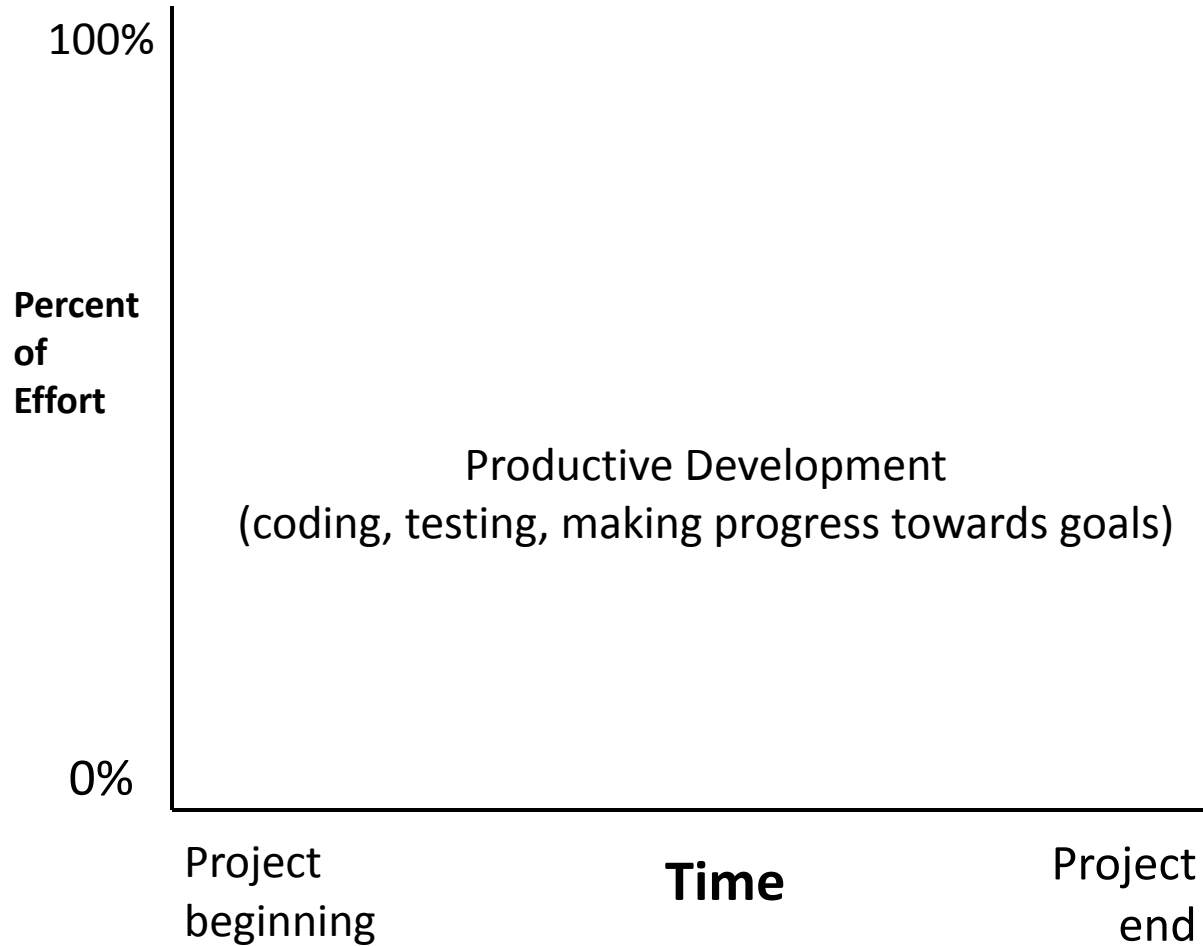
How the Solution was supported

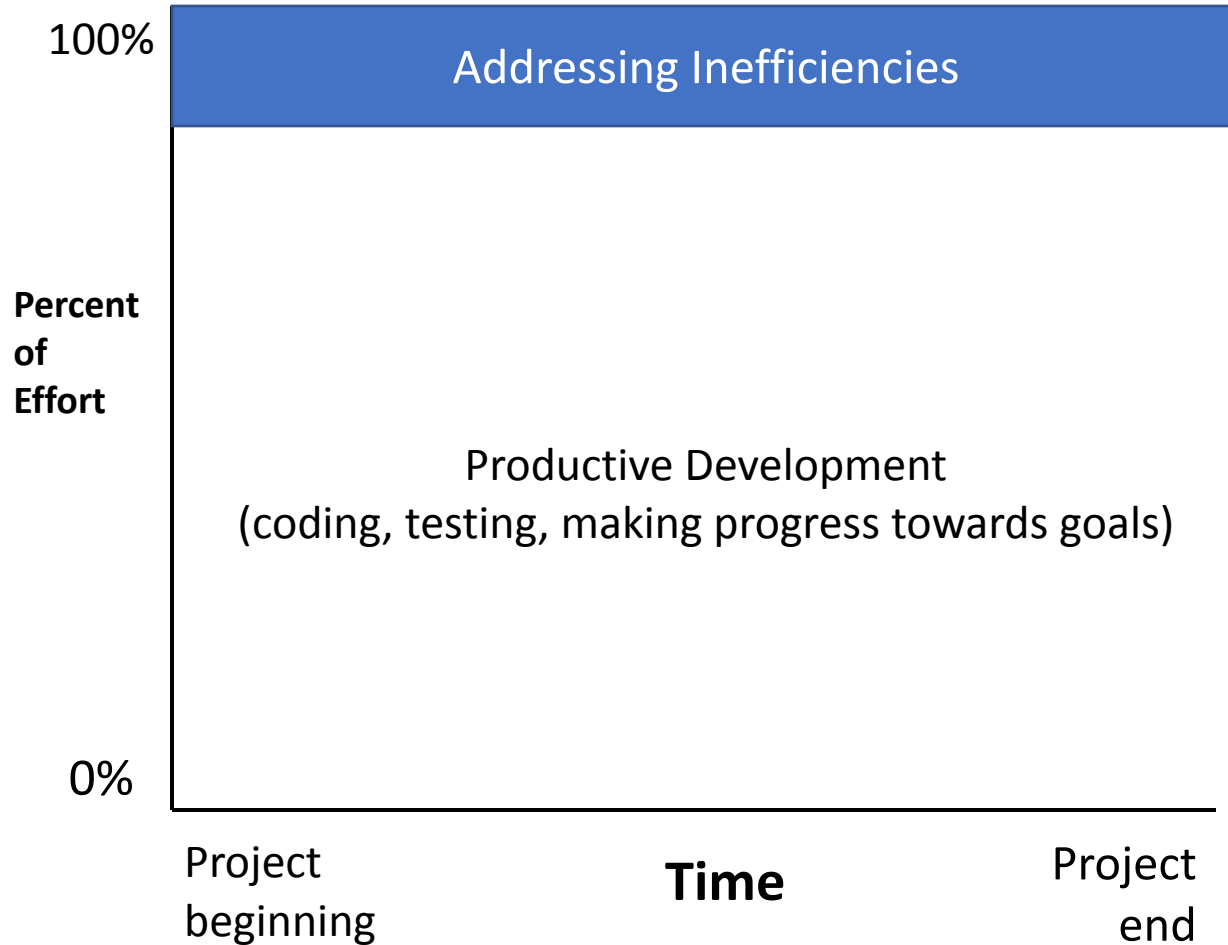


What the Customer really needed

How to develop software?

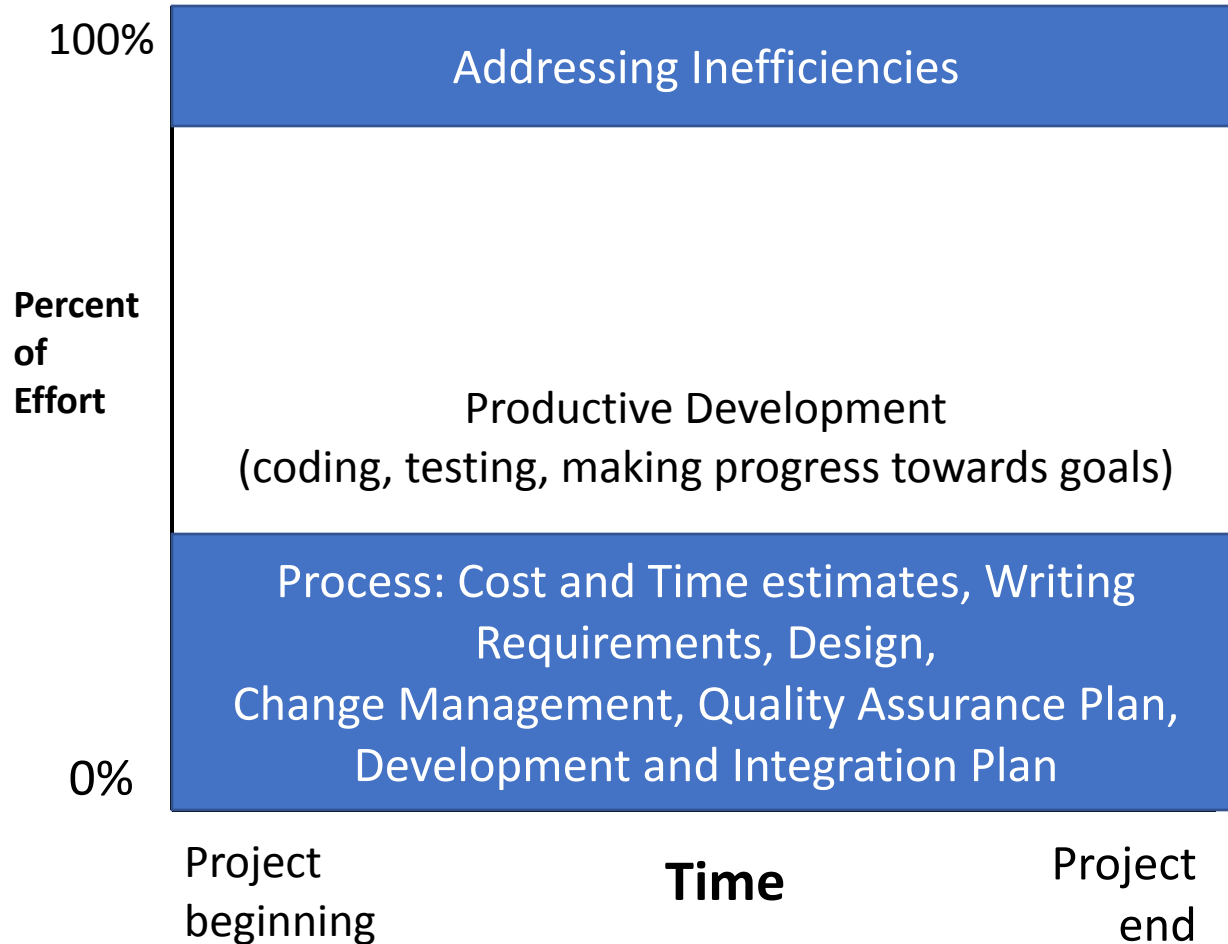
1. Discuss the software that needs to be written
2. Write some code
3. Test the code to identify the defects
4. Debug to find causes of defects
5. Fix the defects
6. If not done, return to step 1

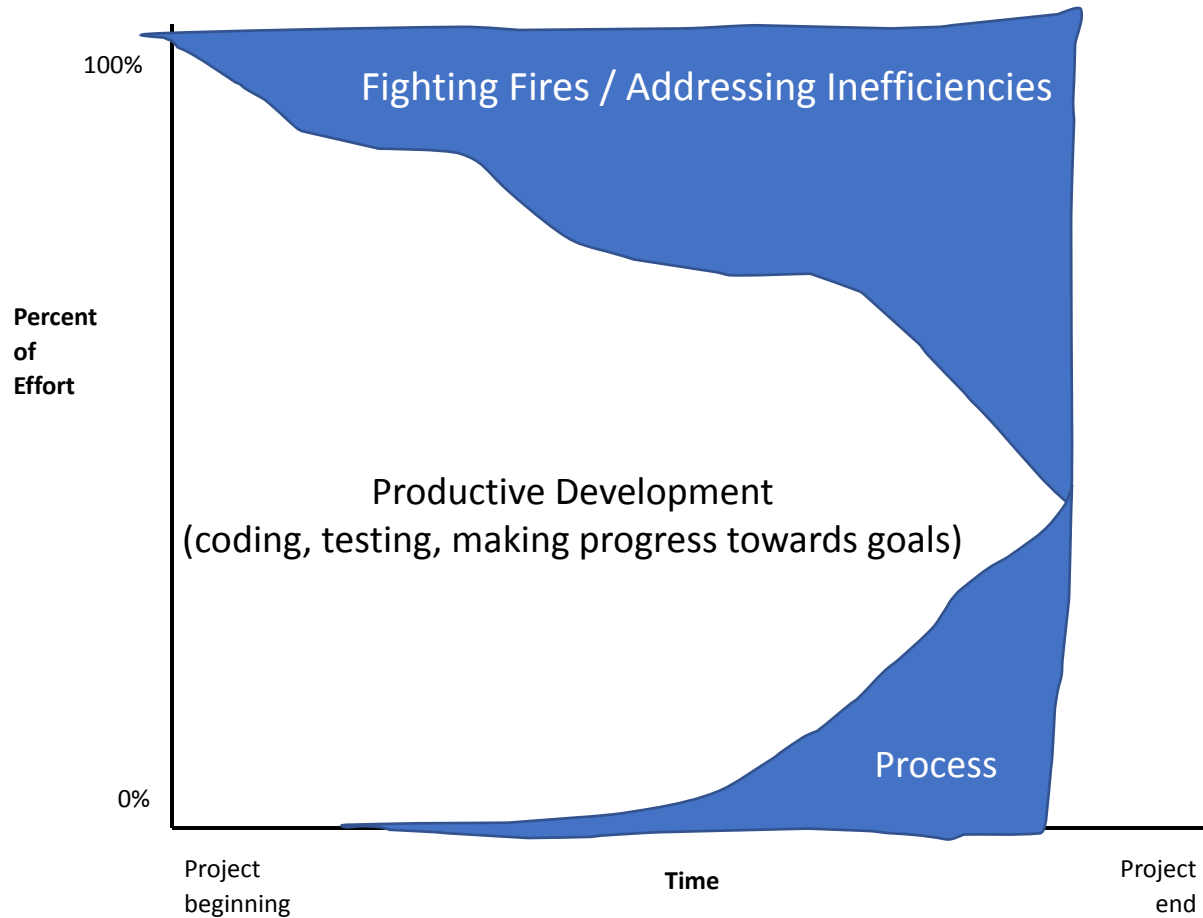




Your manager asks you to follow a process

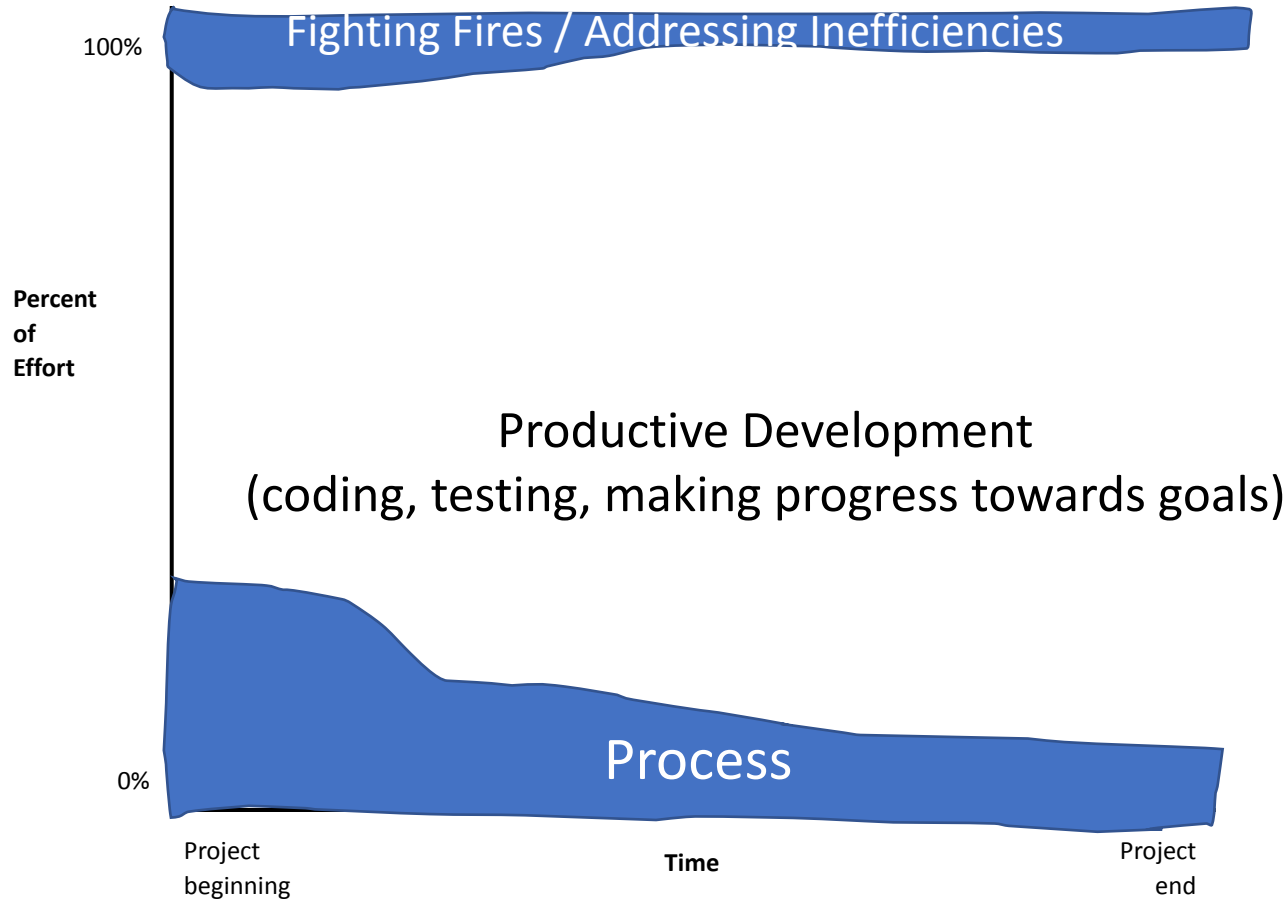
- Writing down all requirements
- Require approval for all changes to requirements
- Use version control for all changes
- Track all reported bugs
- Review requirements and code
- Break down development into smaller tasks and schedule and monitor them
- Planning and conducting quality assurance
- Have daily status meetings
- Use Docker containers to push code between developers and operation





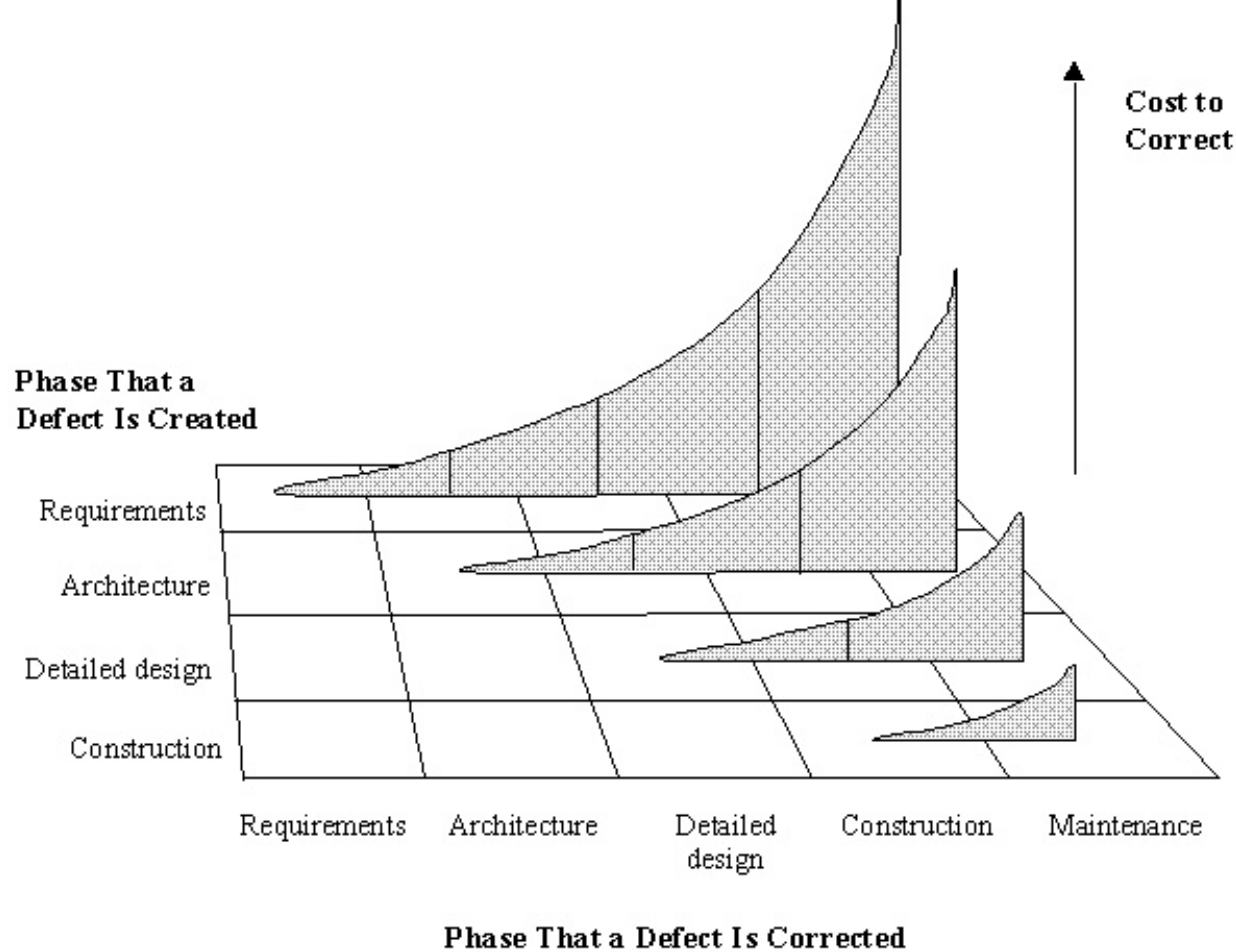
Example process issues

- Change Control: Mid-project informal agreement to changes suggested by customer or manager. Project scope expands 25-50%
- Quality Assurance: Late detection of requirements and design issues. Test-debug-reimplement cycle limits development of new features. Release with known defects.
- Defect Tracking: Bug reports collected informally, forgotten
- System Integration: Integration of independently developed components at the very end of the project. Interfaces out of sync.
- Source Code Control: Accidentally overwritten changes, lost work.
- Scheduling: When project is behind, developers are asked weekly for new estimates.



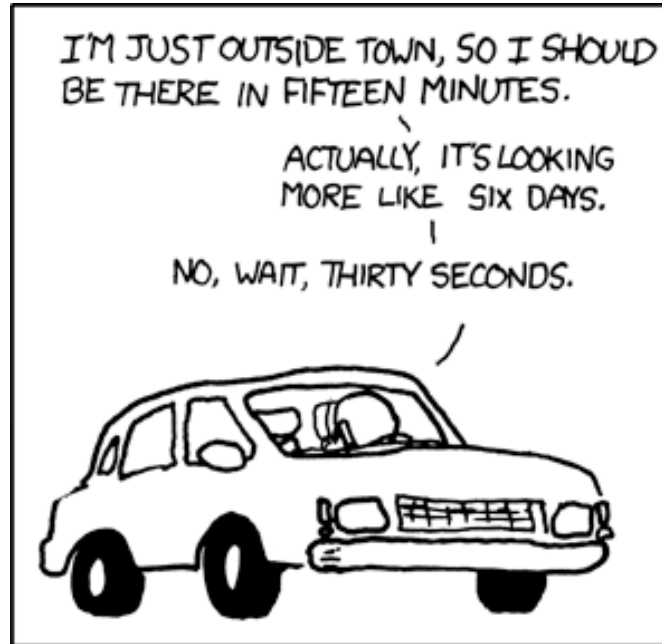
Hypothesis: Process increases flexibility and efficiency

Ideal Curve: Upfront investment for later greater returns



Planning

Time estimation



THE AUTHOR OF THE WINDOWS FILE COPY DIALOG VISITS SOME FRIENDS.

<https://xkcd.com/612/>

Activity: Estimate Time

Task A: Simple web version of the Monopoly board game with San Diego street names

Team: just you

Task B: Bank smartphone app

Team: you with team of 4 developers, one experienced with iPhone apps, one with background in security

* Estimate in 8h days (20 work days in a month, 220 per year)

My Task A estimate: ____

My Task B estimate: ____

Other Task A estimate: ____

Other Task B estimate: ____

Other Task A estimate: ____

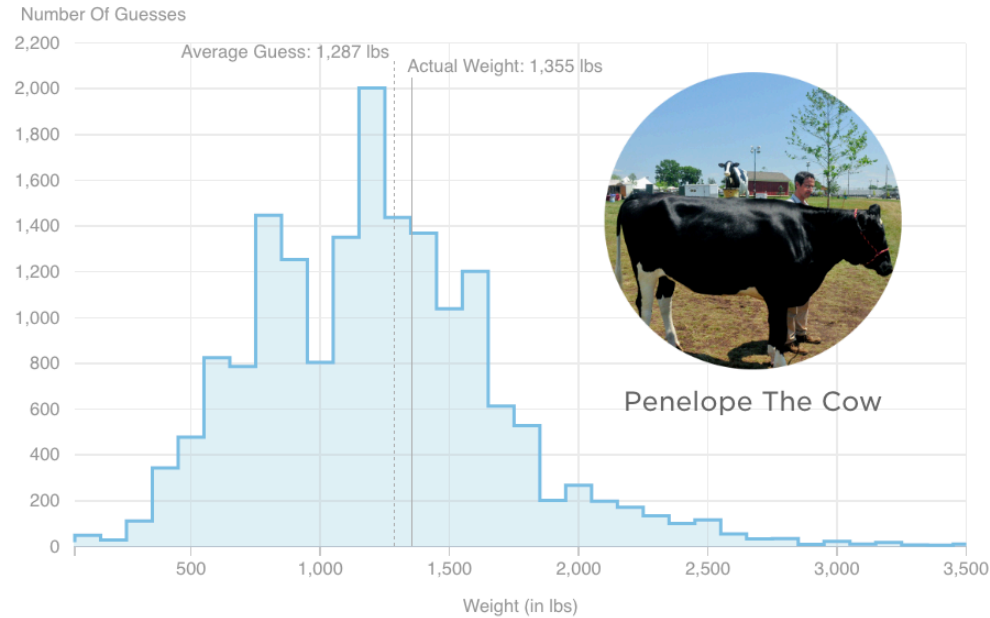
Other Task B estimate: ____

Revise Time Estimate

- Do you have comparable experience to base an estimate off of?
- How much design do you need for each task?
- Break down the task into ~5 smaller tasks and estimate them.
- Revise your overall estimate if necessary

How Much Does This Cow Weigh?

(All People)



Source: The Internet.

Credit: Quoc Trung Bui/NPR



XS



S



M



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XL

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Measuring Progress?

- “I’m almost done with the app. The frontend is almost fully implemented. The backend is fully finished except for the one stupid bug that keeps crashing the server. I only need to find the one stupid bug, but that can probably be done in an afternoon. We should be ready to release next week.”

Measuring Progress?

- Developer judgment: x% done
- Lines of code?
- Functionality?
- Quality?



Milestones and deliverables make progress observable

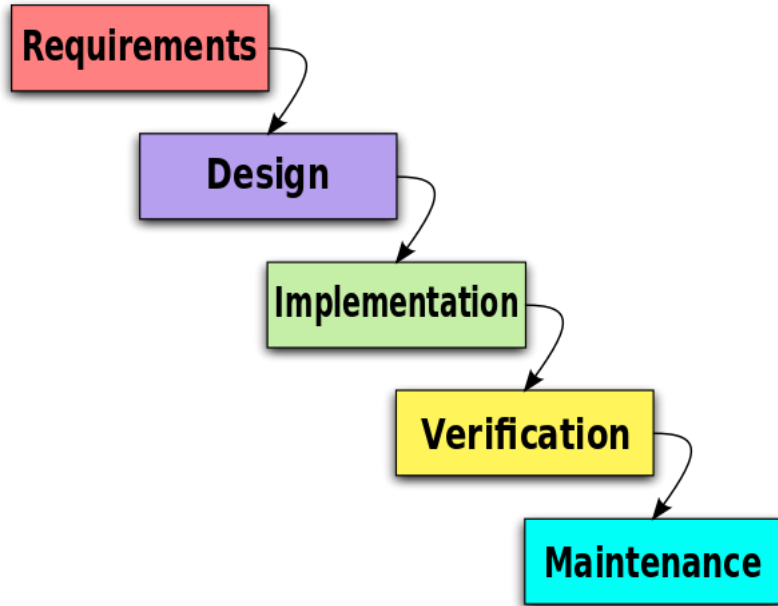
Milestone: clear end point of a (sub)tasks

- For project manager
- Reports, prototypes, completed subprojects
- "80% done" not a suitable mile stone

Deliverable: Result for customer

- Similar to milestone, but for customers
- Reports, prototypes, completed subsystems

Waterfall model was the original software process



Waterfall diagram CC-BY 3.0 [Paulsmith99](#) at [en.wikipedia](#)

... akin to processes pioneered in mass manufacturing
(e.g., by Ford)



Lean production adapts to variable demand

Toyota Production System (TPS)

Build only what is needed, only when it is needed.

Use the “pull” system to avoid overproduction. (Kanban)

Stop to fix problems, to get quality right from the start (Jidoka)

Workers are multi-skilled and understand the whole process; take ownership



Taiichi Ohno

Lots of software buzzwords invented recently build on these ideas

Just-in-time, DevOps, Shift-Left

See also: “The machine that changed the world” by James P Womack et al. The Free Press, 2007.

US vehicle sales market share; 1961—2016 (source: knoema.com)

