# Bugs in Large Software Systems

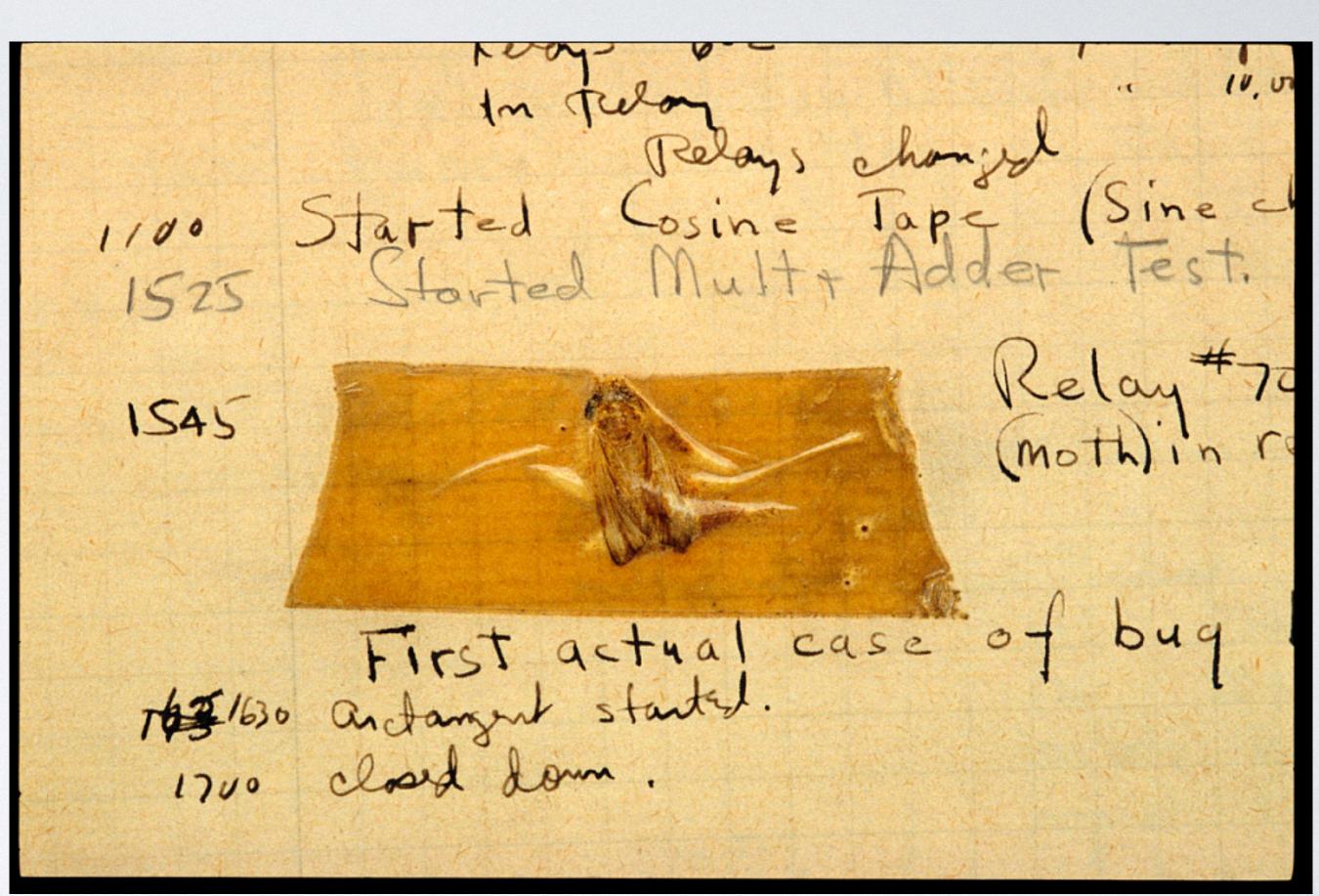
Practice and Research

## Debugging Strategies

- · Goal today: debugging strategies for large systems
- · Large means "too big to fit in your head all at once"
- · If you are using a framework, your system is large!

# Origin of "Bug"

- Wikipedia: Middle English word bugge is the basis for the terms "bugbear" and "bugaboo" as terms used for a monster.
- The term "bug" to describe defects has been a part of engineering jargon since the 1870s
- Thomas Edison wrote in a letter to an associate in 1878:
  - .".. difficulties arise—this thing gives out and [it is] then that "Bugs"—as such little faults and difficulties are called—show themselves"



Bug found in Mark II computer in 1947 (Harvard University)

https://americanhistory.si.edu/collections/search/object/nmah\_334663

## A Bug Report

- Should say:
  - How to reproduce bug
    - · (otherwise you won't know whether you've fixed it!)
  - What the observed behavior is
  - What the expected behavior is
- Don't assume the expected behavior is the correct behavior, either!

# Do I Really Have To Fix This Bug?

## Unfortunately

- · You (usually) can't fix every bug.
  - There are too many
  - · Lots of bugs don't really matter
- But you'd better fix the important ones!

## It's a Feature, Not a Bug?

- · Bugs represent discrepancies between expectations and the implementation
  - Some (but in most systems, not all!) expectations are encoded in specifications
- Two ways to fix bugs
  - Change code
  - Change the specification

#### Priorities

- · Manager: "Please fix this performance bug. It's super important."
- You: "No problem. I'll re-architect module X."
- Manager: "How long will that take?"
- You: "Two weeks."
- Manager: "If we do that, we won't have time to fix ten other bugs. Actually, that bug wasn't so important after all."

#### Risk

- · Manager: "Please fix this performance bug. It's super important."
- You: "No problem. I'll re-architect module X."
- · Manager: "What might break if you do that?"
- You: "Modules Y and Z depend on X, so we'd have to re-test them."
- · Manager: "Ugh. Let's fix it in the next release."

## In Contrast: Severity

- You: "We need to fix this bug."
- · Manager: "How long will it take?"
- You: "Two weeks."
- Manager: "No way."
- · You: "But otherwise we might leak private customer data to the Internet."
- · Manager: "Ugh, okay, go ahead."

### Moral

· Consider cost, risk, and severity before fixing a bug.

#### On Culture

- "Whose fault is this bug?"
- · Leads to a culture of blame.
- · Incentivizes bad behavior. Instead, want all bugs to all get reported/logged
- · Report and prioritize all bugs
  - · Your "very serious" bug may be low priority or actually a feature!

# Fixing Bugs

- Two phases
  - Fault localization ("which code is buggy?")
  - Fault repair ("what do I do about it?")
- · Most of the work (in my experience) is usually in fault localization

#### Be Deliberate

- The turtle wins the race
- Fix one bug at a time
- Write test cases for each bug
- · Commit after fixing each bug

## Two Approaches (of Many)

- · Often, first you need to identify a starting point (find relevant code)
- Then, choose:
  - Hypothesis Testing
  - Backward Tracing
- · Lots more approaches, but we will focus on these in depth

### Debugging Lab

- · You will practice using these two approaches by trying to fix two bugs.
- · We will randomly assign you bugs and approaches.
- If you stay for all three hours, we guarantee completion (grading is effort-based)
- · We hope you'll allow us to use your data for research purposes
  - · We want to teach debugging in the most effective way possible!

### First Steps

- · Identify somewhere in the code that's relevant (because you cannot read the whole codebase)
- · Begin to understand the code structure at a high level
- Ways to get started:
  - · Search the source code for relevant terms (file names & contents)
  - · Read relevant documentation, if it exists (don't just read everything you can find)
  - Set breakpoints, add print statements

# Hypothesis Testing

- · Approach: use the scientific method to understand the cause of your bug.
- Form hypothesis
- Test your hypothesis

Repeat until you understand the root cause

- Propose a fix
- Test your fix

# Forming a Hypothesis

- I suspect that \_\_\_\_\_ (function / class / module / configuration / logic) is most likely responsible, because \_\_\_\_\_
- Example sources of suspicion:
  - · Recent change (worked okay until yesterday? check yesterday's changes)
  - Suspicious value (why is it printing 0x8badf00d? where can I find 0x8badf00d in the code?)
  - · Pattern in logs (A, B, A, B, A, B, ...)
  - Error message (dynamicroles.atj: removeDynamicRoles() failed: Error: Must be an admin to use this feature... line: 180...)

# Testing a Hypothesis

- To test this hypothesis, I will \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - Add print statements
  - Use debugger (like adding print statements)
  - · Write a minimal reproduction
  - Run a specific test
  - Remove suspicious code
  - Set something to a known-good constant
- If my hypothesis is correct, I will observe \_\_\_\_\_ (specific expected evidence).

## Hypothesis Testing Result

- I tested the hypothesis and observed \_\_\_\_\_ (actual result).
  - A. The hypothesis is confirmed this is likely the cause.
  - B.The hypothesis is falsified I will return to observation or form a new hypothesis.

#### Root Cause

- Repeat steps 2 4 until the root cause is clear
- The defect originates at \_\_\_\_\_\_ (line of code / function / module) because \_\_\_\_\_ (reason: wrong logic, missing check, incorrect assumption, etc.).

#### Fix and Validate

- To fix the issue, I
- To confirm my fix worked, I
- · If it didn't work:
  - · Go to step I (form a hypothesis about why).
  - Is the fix in error, or did I make a mistake earlier?

### Demo

### Backward Tracing

- Assumptions:
  - · You identified some relevant code
  - That code runs after the bug has already manifested
- · You know where a null pointer is dereferenced, but why was it null?
- The data structure is bad, but why?
- · After you click the button, the resulting web page is wrong.

## Backward Tracing

- Ask:
  - Where is this value produced? (file:line / function)
    - x = a + b;
    - print(x); // if x is bad, either a, b, or the + must be wrong
  - Which function(s)/module(s) write it? (study those)
  - · What aspects of the input, configuration, or environment influence it? (experiment with them)
  - What invariants should hold here? (add assertions)
- · How did you know (what is your thought process, or what actions did you take)?

## Narrowing the Source

Based on tracing, I narrow down the issue to
 \_\_\_\_\_ (file / class / function / module).

### Repeat

- Repeat steps 2 4 until the root cause is clear
- The defect originates at \_\_\_\_\_\_ (line of code / function / module) because \_\_\_\_\_ (reason: wrong logic, missing check, incorrect assumption, etc.).

#### Fix and Validate

- To fix the issue, |
- To confirm my fix worked, I
- If the fix does not work, **trace forward** to understand the effect of your change.

### Demo

### More Fault Localization Tricks

• What follow are some techniques I've found helpful in my many years of debugging experience.

#### Test Case Minimization

- · Remove all elements of the test case that are unnecessary.
- In industry: maybe your QA staff can help you with this.

## Narrowing Down the Responsible Code

- · Replace modules with mock modules that do the right thing
- Try to show the bug is in a framework you're using: build a minimal broken example
  - Either you file a bug report against the framework, or you learn a key ingredient in the bug and a possible workaround
- · Descend a layer of abstraction (debug into the framework)

### Divide and Conquer

- The bug is because either:
  - (A) a component does not do what it's supposed to do
  - (B) a component DOES do what it's supposed to, but that is not what some OTHER component (or the user) needed.
- THEREFORE:
  - · Be explicit about assumptions (preconditions)
  - · Be explicit about expectations (postconditions)

## Regressions

- Did this use case previously work, but now it's broken?
  - Then you have a regression
- Try: find out which specific change broke it
  - git bisect
- · Now you know at least some of the relevant code.

#### Bad State

- · Bug: after doing X, some state is wrong.
- · Doing X involves running a lot of code.
- Plan: Sprinkle assertions throughout code for X.

foo();
assert(state correct);
bar();

assert(state correct);

· Drill down.

(assertion failed. Bug must be in foo().)

Next step: sprinkle assertions inside foo(). Avoid reading bar().

### "I Have No Idea Where to Start."

- Search code for relevant-sounding words
- · Add breakpoints, trace through relevant code
- Anything hit?
  - · If so, you may have found something relevant

# Ask an Expert

- "Can you give me a pointer to where I might start looking?"
  - · Not asking someone else to do your job
  - You will get up to speed faster and be more helpful if you take a little advice

## Which Expert?

· If you can find remotely-related code: git blame

```
def removeThisFieldType(fieldName: String): Context =
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             81)
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                                                          Context(contractTable,
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             82)
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             83)
                                                                              underlyingVariableMap,
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                                              isThrown,
                                                             84)
                                                                              transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized,
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                             85)
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                             86)
                                                                              transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized,
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             87)
                                                                              localFieldsInitialized,
                                2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             88)
                                                                              thisFieldTypes - fieldName,
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             89)
                                                                              valVariables)
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                              90)
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             91)
                                                                      def updatedMakingVariableVal(variableName: String): Context =
                                                                          Context(contractTable,
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             92)
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             93)
                                                                              underlyingVariableMap,
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                                                              isThrown,
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             94)
                                                                              transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized,
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             95)
                                2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                                              transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized,
                                                             96)
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             97)
                                                                              localFieldsInitialized
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             98)
                                                                              thisFieldTypes,
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                                                              valVariables + variableName)
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             99)
```

#### Print Statements

- · Both for logging data and for monitoring control flow
  - Did this code run?
- · Especially useful for debugging race conditions

### Narrowing Down the Problem

- · Compare how you think it should work to how it does work
- Plan A: read the code (like reading English)
- Plan B: trace through the code very carefully

#### Unusual Situations

- · "Heisenbugs": bugs that disappear when you try to debug them
- Usual suspects:
  - · Race conditions (try using print statements or lightweight logging)
  - Compiler optimizations (either due to performance changes or due to compiler bugs)
- Hardware failures, configuration errors (does it reproduce on another machine?)

# Careful Recording

- If you realize you can't keep everything in your head:
- · Get out a notebook.
- Record:
  - Each hypothesis
  - · Test inputs and results (every test) and what you conclude
- · Change only one thing at a time

## Fault Repair

- Complaint:
   NullPointerException raised
   on last line of foo()
- Add null check in foo()?
- Avoid passing null in cause()?
- Usually, you want to fix the root cause.
   Which is it?

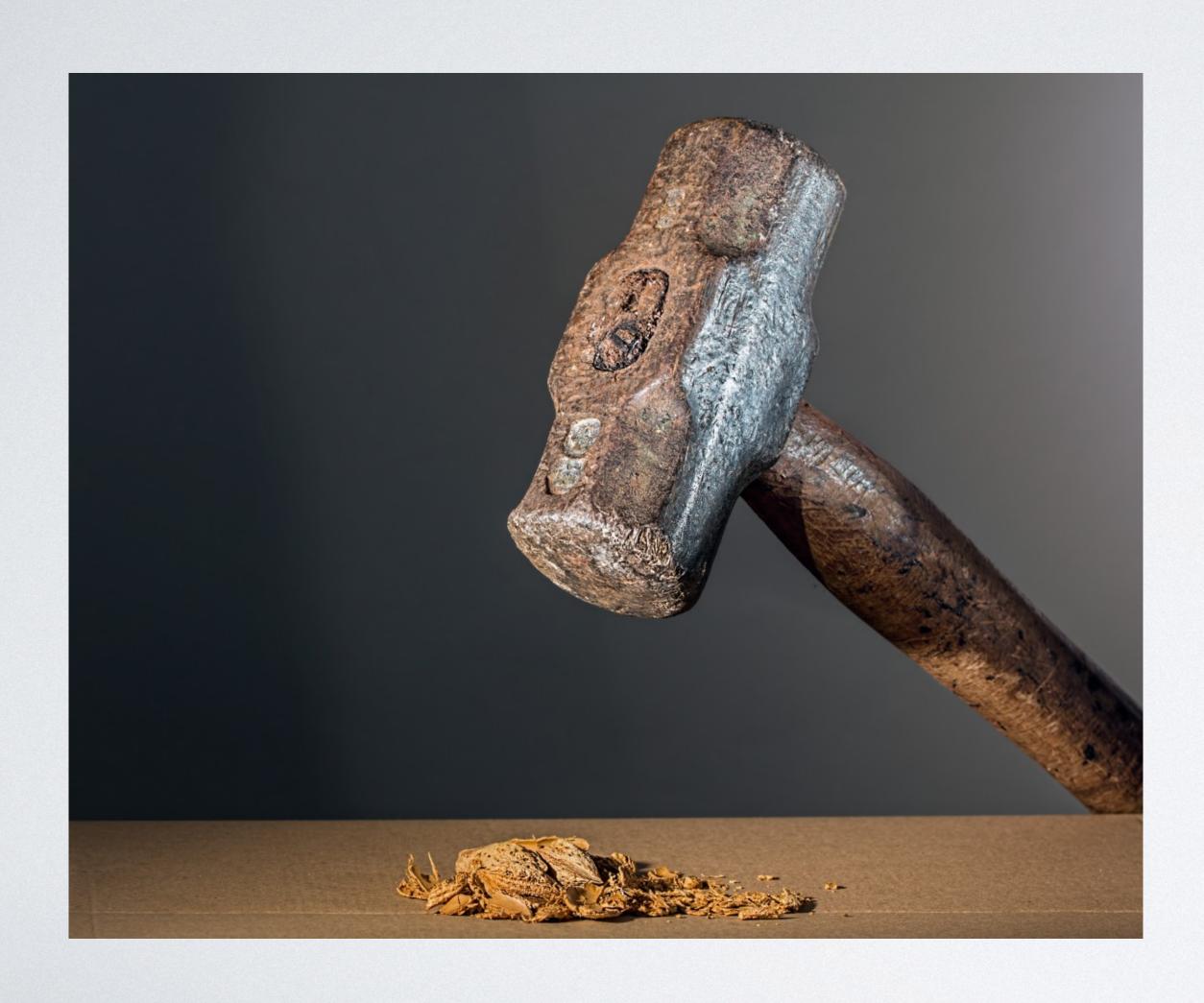
```
void cause() {
  String x = foo(null);
int foo(String s) {
  List<String> l = new List<>();
  1.add(s);
  Map<Integer, List<String>> m = new Map<>()
  m.put(42, 1);
  // a bunch more computation
  String p = m.get(42).get(0);
  return p.length();
```

### Fix Both?

Wearing both belt and suspenders prevents disaster...



## Best Fix Depends on Risk Tolerance





# Git Blame, Again

```
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             81)
                                                                     def removeThisFieldType(fieldName: String): Context =
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                                             82)
                                                                         Context(contractTable,
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             83)
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                                              underlyingVariableMap,
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             84)
                                                                              isThrown,
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                                                              transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized,
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                             85)
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                             86)
                                                                              transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized,
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             87)
                                                                              localFieldsInitialized,
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             88)
                                                                              thisFieldTypes - fieldName,
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                                             89)
                                                                              valVariables)
                                                             90)
c3264e536 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-09-06 15:41:37 -0400
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             91)
                                                                     def updatedMakingVariableVal(variableName: String): Context =
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                                                         Context(contractTable,
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             92)
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             93)
                                                                              underlyingVariableMap,
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             94)
                                                                              isThrown,
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                             95)
                                                                              transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized,
ff40088b2 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-11-25 14:00:30 -0500
                                                             96)
                                                                              transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized,
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                                                              localFieldsInitialized,
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             97)
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             98)
                                                                              thisFieldTypes,
                                                                              valVariables + variableName)
c8f738622 (Michael Coblenz
                                 2019-04-02 11:10:28 -0400
                                                             99)
```

• Maybe change ff40088b2 is suspicious.

### Git Show

```
commit ff40088b2466d724295a4c7e1d6f8385644d8de2
Author: Michael Coblenz <mcoblenz@cs.cmu.edu>
Date: Mon Nov 25 14:00:30 2019 -0500
    Track state field assignments properly so we can give the right errors when one branch
assigns but fails to transition.
diff --git a/src/main/scala/edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala b/src/main/scala/
edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala
index 8c93fe4b..627376a6 100644
--- a/src/main/scala/edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala
+++ b/src/main/scala/edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala
@@ -18,7 +18,8 @@ import scala.collection.immutable.TreeMap
 case class Context(table: DeclarationTable,
                    underlyingVariableMap: Map[String, ObsidianType],
                    isThrown: Boolean,
                    transitionFieldsInitialized: Set[(String, String, AST)],
                    transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized: Set[(String, String, AST)],
                    transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized: Set[(String, String, AST)],
                    localFieldsInitialized: Set[String],
                    thisFieldTypes: Map[String, ObsidianType],
                    valVariables : Set[String]) {
@@ -28,7 +29,8 @@ case class Context(table: DeclarationTable,
         Context(contractTable,
             underlyingVariableMap.updated(s, t),
             isThrown,
             transitionFieldsInitialized,
             transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized,
             transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized,
             localFieldsInitialized,
             thisFieldTypes,
             valVariables)
```

# Fixing the Bug

- Write a test case for the bug (which initially fails)
- Fix the bug
- · Search for additional instances of the bug
- Run all the tests
- · Get your change reviewed

### A Classic Job Interview Question

• Tell me about a tough bug you fixed.

### Conclusion

- Narrowing down the test case and the possibly-relevant code can help you identify the root cause
  - Even in unfamiliar code!
- · Asking experts is often a good plan.