### Bugs in Large Software Systems Practice and Research

# Debugging Strategies

- Goal today: debugging strategies for large systems
- Large means "too big to fit in your head all at once"
- If you are using a framework, your system is large!

- Wikipedia: Middle English word bugge is the basis for the terms "bugbear" and "bugaboo" as terms used for a monster.
- The term "bug" to describe defects has been a part of engineering jargon since the 1870s
- Thomas Edison wrote in a letter to an associate in 1878:
  - .".. difficulties arise—this thing gives out and [it is] then that "Bugs"—as such little faults and difficulties are called—show themselves"

https://americanhistory.si.edu/collections/search/object/nmah\_334663



1545 First actual case 1700 close

Bug found in Mark II computer in 1947 (Harvard University)



Plan A: Avoid Fixing It (at Least, for Now)

# Unfortunately

- You (usually) can't fix every bug.
  - There are too many
  - Lots of bugs don't really matter
- But you'd better fix the important ones!



# It's a Feature, Not a Bug?

- - Some (but in most systems, not all!) expectations are encoded in specifications
- Two ways to fix bugs
  - Change code
  - Change the specification

Bugs represent discrepancies between expectations and the implementation

### Priorities

- Manager: "Please fix this performance bug. It's super important."
- You: "No problem. I'll re-architect module X."
- Manager: "How long will that take?"
- You: "Two weeks."
- that bug wasn't so important after all."

Manager: "If we do that, we won't have time to fix ten other bugs. Actually,

- Manager: "Please fix this performance bug. It's super important."
- You: "No problem. I'll re-architect module X."
- Manager: "What might break if you do that?"
- Manager: "Ugh. Let's fix it in the next release."



You: "Modules Y and Z depend on X, so we'd have to re-test them."



# In Contrast: Severity

- You: "We need to fix this bug."
- Manager: "How long will it take?"
- You: "Two weeks."
- Manager: "No way."
- You: "But otherwise we might leak private customer data to the Internet."
- Manager: "Ugh, okay, go ahead."

• Consider cost, risk, and severity before fixing a bug.

## Moral

# On Culture

- "Whose fault is this bug?"
- Leads to a culture of blame. •
- Report and prioritize all bugs

### Incentivizes bad behavior. Instead, want all bugs to all get reported/logged

Your "very serious" bug may be low priority or actually a feature!



# A Bug Report

- Should say:
  - How to reproduce bug
    - (otherwise you won't know whether you've fixed it!)
  - What the observed behavior is
  - What the expected behavior is

### • Don't assume the expected behavior is the correct behavior, either! (recall plan A)

- Two phases
  - Fault localization ("which code is buggy?")
  - Fault repair ("what do I do about it?")

# Fixing Bugs

Most of the work (in my experience) is usually in fault localization

## Be Deliberate

- The turtle wins the race
- Fix one bug at a time
- Write test cases for each bug
- Commit after fixing each bug

# Fault Localization

- Traditional approach: you're supposed to come up with hypotheses
- But sometimes you just don't know!
- I'm going to show you some tricks
- Goal: fix the bug while understanding no more than necessary
  - Assumption: reading all the code is impossible.

And then test them (order according to likelihood and ease of elimination)

- Remove all elements of the test case that are unnecessary.
- In industry: maybe your QA staff can help you with this.

### Test Case Minimization

# Narrowing Down the Responsible Code

- Replace modules with mock modules that do the right thing
- broken example
  - key ingredient in the bug and a possible workaround
- Descend a layer of abstraction (debug into the framework)

• Try to show the bug is in a framework you're using: build a minimal

• Either you file a bug report against the framework, or you learn a

# Divide and Conquer

- The bug is because either:
  - (A) a component does not do what it's supposed to do
  - (B) a component DOES do what it's supposed to, but that is not what some OTHER component (or the user) needed.
- THEREFORE:
  - Be explicit about assumptions (preconditions)
  - Be explicit about expectations (postconditions)

- Did this use case previously work, but now it's broken?
  - Then you have a regression
- Try: find out which specific change broke it
  - git bisect
- Now you know at least some of the relevant code.

### Regressions

# Bad State

- Bug: after doing X, some state is wrong. •
- Doing X involves running a lot of code.
- Plan: Sprinkle assertions throughout code for X.
- Drill down.

Next step: sprinkle assertions inside foo(). Avoid reading bar().

assert(state correct); foo();assert(state correct) bar();

(assertion failed. Bug must be in **foo()**.)



(OK)

# "I Have No Idea Where to Start."

- Search code for relevant-sounding words
- Add breakpoints, trace through relevant code
- Anything hit?
  - If so, you may have found something relevant

- "Can you give me a pointer to where I might start looking?"
  - Not asking someone else to do your job
  - little advice

## Ask an Expert

You will get up to speed faster and be more helpful if you take a

# Which Expert?

### • If you can find remotely-related code: git blame

c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	81)	def removeThisFieldType(fieldName: String): Context =
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	82)	Context(contractTable,
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	83)	underlyingVariableMap,
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	84)	isThrown,
ff40088b2	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-11-25	14:00:30	-0500	85)	<pre>transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized,</pre>
ff40088b2	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-11-25	14:00:30	-0500	86)	<pre>transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized,</pre>
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	87)	localFieldsInitialized,
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	88)	thisFieldTypes - fieldName,
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	89)	valVariables)
c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	90)	
c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	91) (	<pre>def updatedMakingVariableVal(variableName: String): Cor</pre>
c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	92)	Context(contractTable,
c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	93)	underlyingVariableMap,
c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	94)	isThrown,
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c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	98)	thisFieldTypes,
c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	99)	valVariables + variableName)



## Print Statements

- Both for logging data and for monitoring control flow
  - Did this code run?
- Especially useful for debugging race conditions

# Narrowing Down the Problem

- Compare how you think it should work to how it does work
- Plan A: read the code (like reading English)
- Plan B: trace through the code very carefully

- "Heisenbugs": bugs that disappear when you try to debug them
- Usual suspects:
  - Race conditions (try using print statements or lightweight logging)
  - compiler bugs)

### Unusual Situations

Compiler optimizations (either due to performance changes or due to

• Hardware failures, configuration errors (does it reproduce on another machine?)



- If you realize you can't keep everything in your head:
- Get out a notebook.
- Record:
  - Each hypothesis
  - Test inputs and results (every test) and what you conclude
- Change only one thing at a time

# Careful Recording

- Complaint: NullPointerException raised on last line of foo()
- Add null check in foo()?
- Avoid passing null in cause()?
- Usually, you want to fix the root cause. Which is it?

```
Fault Repair
```

```
void cause() {
  String x = foo(null);
}
int foo(String s) {
  List<String> l = new List<>();
  l.add(s);
  Map<Integer, List<String>> m = new Map<>()
  m.put(42, 1);
  // a bunch more computation
  String p = m.get(42).get(0);
  return p.length();
```

Credit: https://www.cs.tufts.edu/comp/121/08-debugging.pdf



### • Wearing both belt and suspenders prevents disaster...

https://www.pexels.com/photo/man-in-shirt-with-bow-tie-and-pants-with-suspenders-18236780/

# Fix Both?





# Best Fix Depends on Risk Tolerance





https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Tweezers\_2019.jpg



# Git Blame, Again

c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	81)	<pre>def removeThisFieldType(fieldName: String): Context =</pre>
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c3264e536	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-09-06	15:41:37	-0400	88)	thisFieldTypes - fieldName,
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c8f738622	(Michael (	Coblenz	2019-04-02	11:10:28	-0400	99)	valVariables + variableName)

• Maybe change ff40088b2 is suspicious.



commit ff40088b2466d724295a4c7e1d6f8385644d8de2 Author: Michael Coblenz <mcoblenz@cs.cmu.edu> Date: Mon Nov 25 14:00:30 2019 -0500 assigns but fails to transition. edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala index 8c93fe4b..627376a6 100644 --- a/src/main/scala/edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala +++ b/src/main/scala/edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala @@ -18,7 +18,8 @@ import scala.collection.immutable.TreeMap case class Context(table: DeclarationTable, isThrown: Boolean, localFieldsInitialized: Set[String], thisFieldTypes: Map[String, ObsidianType], valVariables : Set[String]) { @@ -28,7 +29,8 @@ case class Context(table: DeclarationTable, Context(contractTable, underlyingVariableMap.updated(s, t), isThrown, transitionFieldsInitialized, transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized, transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized, localFieldsInitialized, thisFieldTypes, valVariables)

### Git Show

```
Track state field assignments properly so we can give the right errors when one branch
```

```
diff --git a/src/main/scala/edu/cmu/cs/obsidian/typecheck/Checker.scala b/src/main/scala/
```

```
underlyingVariableMap: Map[String, ObsidianType],
transitionFieldsInitialized: Set[(String, String, AST)],
transitionFieldsDefinitelyInitialized: Set[(String, String, AST)],
transitionFieldsMaybeInitialized: Set[(String, String, AST)],
```

- Write a test case for the bug (which initially fails)
- Fix the bug
- Search for additional instances of the bug
- Run all the tests
- Get your change reviewed

# Fixing the Bug

## A Classic Job Interview Question

• Tell me about a tough bug you fixed.

# Conclusion

- help you identify the root cause
  - Even in unfamiliar code!
- Asking experts is often a good plan.

### Narrowing down the test case and the possibly-relevant code can